

IFIAR 2019 Member Profile – SARAS

1. Jurisdiction	1.1 Insert the name of the jurisdiction in English:	
	Georgia	
2. Member ¹	2.1 Insert the name of the Member, both in the local language and in English:	
	Service for Accounting, Reporting and Auditing Supervision (SARAS)	
	ბუღალტრული აღრიცხვის, ანგარიშგებისა და აუდიტის ზედამხედველობის სამსახური	
	2.2 Include relevant contact information, including postal address, telephone numbers, a link to the website and other relevant information:	
	Postal address: 0193 Tbilisi, 1 Aleksidze St. , Tbilisi, Georgia Telephone number: +995 32 226 22 26	
	Link to the website: <u>www.saras.gov.ge</u>	
	Contact: Mr. Yuri Dolidze (CEO)	
	Email: y.dolidze@saras.gov.ge, Tel: +995 32 2262448, +995 599 535 900	
	2.3 Include the basis for establishment of the Member, as well as the legislation or regulations, which provide the Member the authority/mandate with respect to audit regulation. Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the mission and responsibilities of the Member with respect to audit regulation:	
	SARAS was established in 2016 as subdivision of the Ministry of Finance of Georgia (MoF), in accordance with the Georgian law on Accounting, Reporting and Auditing (the Law), which is effective since June 25, 2016. According to the Law, SARAS is responsible for the oversight of all kinds of auditors and audit firms, including those involved in PIE and non-PIE audits.	
	SARAS's mission is to enhance effective economic decision making through establishing information resources containing financial and	

¹ In the case where there are two or more regulators from the same jurisdiction that have been approved according to Section 2.3 of the IFIAR Charter, they together are considered as one Member. In that case, regulators are requested to include information for <u>both organizations</u> in the Member Profile.



	management data, the reliability of which is increased system based on International Standards and practices. SARAS main responsibilities with respect to audit regula	
	 Administering the registry of auditors (individua (responsible for both PIE and non-PIE audits); Endorsement of accounting, auditing and professional standards; 	
	 Performing audit quality inspections of PIE a firms; 	nd non-PIE audit
	• Investigation and sanctioning of auditors/ audit and non-PIEs);	firms (of both PIEs
	 Setting standards/rules for the recognition certification programs, examination process and CPD IESs. 	
	2.4 Have there been any major changes to the Memb or to the governing legislation since completing las Profile?	
	□ Yes	
	If yes, please describe these changes with an app detail:	propriate level of
3. Governing Body Composition and members	3.1 Describe with an appropriate level of de composition of the Member's governing body, ind between Board Members who are independent profession and those who are not ² . The audit profess example: audit firms, professional accountancy bodi entities associated with the audit profession.	cluding the ratio from the audit sion includes, for
	The Members of the SARAS Board (the Board) represe	ent the following
	governmental bodies and sectors:	
	Nominating body	Nominees
	Ministry of Finance (Chair)	1
	Board of National Bank	1
	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	1
	Insurance State Supervision Service	1

² An individual is independent of the profession even if he is a CPA, Chartered Accountant, or holder of another equivalent qualification, as long as this individual is not employed by or affiliated to a registered audit firm, nor employed by or affiliated to of a professional accountancy body, nor employed by or affiliated to bodies or entities associated with the audit profession.



Professional Organizations	1
Business Associations	1
Academia	1
Total	7
According to the general provisions of the Law, prace allowed to be Members of the Board.	ctitioners are not
3.2 What are the eligibility criteria / requirements	and composition
requirements for the members of the governing bod	
In line with the Directive 2006/43/EC of the European of the Council, the Law (paragraph 3, article 21) state shall be independent from the audit profession a Members. A Board Member has to be a non-practitior and competent in the areas of financial accounting auditing, economics, finance, business administratior least 7-years of experience in the field. A person convic financing, illicit income legalization or other econ aggravated crimes is not authorized to become a Board. A Board Member and his/ her family members to hold share or have voting rights in an audit firms t supervision by the Service.	s that the Board nd consist of 7 her, experienced g and reporting, n or law, with at cted in terrorism omic, heavy or Member of the are not allowed
The process of Board Member selection is as follows: Finance submits candidates recommended by governmental bodies (4 candidates), business, p academic sectors (1 candidate per each sector) to the who approves the recommended candidates within 2 the nomination.	the relevant rofessional and Prime Minister,
Upon a recommendation from the Board, the Min recommends a candidate for the position of SARAS Officer (CEO) to the Prime Minister. The CEO of the SA non-practitioner and meet the requirements set particular:	Chief Executive ARAS has to be a
 have a higher education degree specialising audit, economics, finance, or banking; 	_
 possess at least 5 years of managerial experien not have been convicted of terrorism financi income legalization or other economic, serious or par crimes; 	ng and/or illicit



	nd his/her family members are not entitled to hold ght in audit firms that is subject to supervision by the
Service.	
Scivice.	
profession? The a	er of the governing body independent from the audit audit profession includes, for example: audit firms, puntancy bodies and bodies or entities associated ression.
⊠ Yes	□ No
	o question 3.3 is "No", is the majority of the members ody non-practitioner?
□ Yes	□ No
	o question 3.3 is "No", which safeguards are in place e Member's overall independence from the audit
	striction or recusal process that is applicable to overning body of the Member who are current or ractitioners?
⊠ Yes	□ No
	□ No a "cooling-off" period for former auditors?
Does this include ☑ Yes	a "cooling-off" period for former auditors?
Does this include ☑ Yes If yes to either of t	a "cooling-off" period for former auditors? No he above, please describe: ppointed as a Board Member or on the position of CEO
Does this include ☑ Yes If yes to either of t Individuals to be ap of SARAS must be r As defined by the L for at least three su of the Board has no an audit firm, has	a "cooling-off" period for former auditors? No he above, please describe: ppointed as a Board Member or on the position of CEO
Does this include ☑ Yes If yes to either of t Individuals to be ap of SARAS must be r As defined by the L for at least three su of the Board has no an audit firm, has body of an audit fir 3.7 Other than the	a "cooling-off" period for former auditors? No he above, please describe: popointed as a Board Member or on the position of CEO non-practitioners. aw a non-practitioner means: any natural person who accessive years prior to appointment and as a Member ot carried out audit service, has not held voting rights in not been a member of the management or oversight m, or otherwise associated with it. e governing body, are members of the profession ember's organization (including in any inspections,



	If yes, please describe their role with an appropriate level of detail, including the ratio between those who are independent and those who are not in the relevant function and whether such role includes decisional or control authority:
4. Funding Arrangements	4.1 Describe the main funding arrangements of the Member, including the setting and approval of the budget and the fees, if any:
	SARAS is a subdivision of the MoF and is a 100% state budget funded entity. The draft budget document is approved as part of the annual budget legislation by the Parliament of Georgia.
	4.2 Is the funding free from undue influence by the profession?
	☑ Yes □ No
	Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the safeguards in place to prevent undue influence by the profession:
5. Inspection System	5.1 Does the Member have the responsibility for recurring inspections of audit firms undertaking audits of public interest entities (PIEs)?
	\square Yes \square No
	5.2 Is this responsibility undertaken directly or through oversight of
	inspection conducted by another organization?
	☑ Directly □ Through Oversight If through oversight of another organization, please describe with an
	appropriate level of detail the other organization, its relation to the Member, its role, and the arrangements for oversight:
	5.3 Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the requirements and practices regarding the frequency of inspections:
	Both, PIE and non-PIE audit firms/individuals subject to inspection. Inspection of PIE audit firms and first (large) category entities shall be done at least once in 3 years, whereas others are subject to inspection at least once in 6 years.



6.	Audit and Financial Market	6.1 Provide the number of audit firms subject to inspections. Include an indication of the number of public interest audits (PIEs) and other audits that fall under the Member's oversight or mandate.				
		There are around 160 public interest entities registered in Georgia, including 14 commercial banks, 17 Insurance companies, up to 80 microfinance and other finance institutions and up to 40 Companies registered at the Georgian Stock Exchange.				
				er of non-PIE large and me udit is around 500.	dium sized entities	subject to
		PIE audits can be performed by only those audit firms, which pass successfully the quality inspection and meet the additional requirements. Auditors (acting individually) can perform only non-PIE audits.				
		Both PIE and non-PIE audit firms/individuals are subject to audit quality inspection. Inspection of PIE audit firms and first category (large) entities must be performed at least once every 3 years, whereas others are subject to inspection once every 6 years.				
		Currently, the number of registered audit firms is 248, including 13 firms authorized to audit PIEs.				
		The number of registered auditors is 442, including 113 auditors conducting audit individually.				
				e the sizes and market sha Member's jurisdiction?	res of each of the la	gest aud
		Ν	J	Company	Market Share* (%)	
		1 PwC 14.43				
		2	E	ΞY	13.79	
		3	E	3DO	12.72	
		4 Deloitte 9.40				
		5 KPMG 8.40				
		6	0	Grant Thornton	2.35	



		1			
	7	RSM	2.00		
	8	Baker Tilly	1.46		
	* - /	All services included	64.56		
7. Main Other Responsibilities of the Member <u>within</u> the area	7.1 Please indicate whether the Member has responsibility for tasks other than Inspections within the area of Audit Oversight:				
of Audit Oversight	 ☑ Registration/Licensing ☑ Audit and/or Ethics Standard Setting ☑ Permanent Education of Auditors ☑ Enforcement ☑ Other: Entities' Reporting Supervision 				
	7.2 If the Member has the responsibility for Registration/Licensing please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through oversight of Registration/Licensing conducted by another organization?				
	☑ Directl	ly 🗆 Thro	ugh Oversight		
	If directly, please describe the responsibility with an appropriate level of detail. If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedure applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.				
	A legal entity registered in Georgia, a branch of a foreign enterprise or a natural person can perform audit service in Georgia only after registration in the Registry of Auditors/Audit Firms.				
	SARAS is the only authorized body for registering auditors and audit firms, the process for which is defined by SARAS.				
	SARAS performs registration compliance monitoring and has relevant enforcement functions, including sanctioning, suspension and de- registration.				
	<u>Standard</u> undertak	<u>l Setting,</u> please indica	onsibility for <u>Audit and/or Ethics</u> te whether this responsibility is oversight of Audit and/or Ethics other organization?		
	☑ Directl	ly 🛛 Thro	ugh Oversight		



If directly, please describe the responsibility with an appropriate level of detail. If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedures applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.
SARAS is the only professional standard setting body for audit services and ethics, whose role includes:
 Adopting IFAC's Code of Ethics, ISQC1, ISA, and other service standards as normative acts in Georgian language; Monitoring of professional organizations' internal policies' compliance with the Code of Ethics and IFAC's other related regulations.
7.4 If the Member has the responsibility for <u>Permanent Education of</u> <u>Auditors</u> , please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through oversight of Permanent Education of Auditors conducted by another organization?
□ Directly
If directly, please describe the responsibility with an appropriate level of detail. If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedures applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.
SARAS is the only regulator of professional education, whose responsibilities include:
 Setting local standards for professional certification, examination procedures and continuous education in accordance with the International Education Standards set by IFAC, and the requirements of the relevant EU Directive and Regulation; Recognition of certification and CPD programs and examinations processes; Monitoring of compliance with the local standards by professional
 Monitoring of compliance with the local standards by professional organizations and examination bodies; Enforcement, including sanctioning and suspension.



		 7.5 If the Member has the responsibility for Enforcement, please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through referral to other organization(s)? Directly
8.	Main Other Responsibilities of the Member <u>outside</u> the area of Audit Oversight	 8.1 Please describe with an appropriate level of detail whether the Member has responsibility for tasks outside the area of audit oversight such as Supervision of Financial Reporting or Securities Regulation: SARAS responsibilities include financial and non-financial reporting regulation, including: Administering of the reporting portal for entities' financial statements and non-financial information; The translation/adoption of IFRS, IFRS for SMEs and local accounting standards for micro entities, and guidelines for Non-Financial Information (NFI); The high level review of submitted statements.
9.	Major Events and Activities	 9.1 Describe any recent major events and activities: The Service for Accounting, Reporting and Auditing Supervision performed various activities in 2018 which such as: EU Twinning Project with the ELTE, Greece started- quality controls system monitoring; Up to 640 entities' audited annual reports are published at the SARAS reporting portal www.reportal.ge; Quality control system monitoring directions are announced for 2019 year; optionon of latest IFRS, IFRS for SMEs, ISA, ISQC1, Code of Ethics in Georgian language; Conducting quality control system monitoring of 15 audit firms with completion of 5;



 The local simplified financial reporting standard for micro-entities is adopted and published along with its self-learning manual; The local standard for non-profit organizations is adopted and published; The IFRS for SMEs implementation project started which includes translation of IFRS Foundations' training materials, conducting training of trainers and SME accountants; The certification programs of three professional accountants organizations are recognised by SARAS.
