

IFIAR 2018 Member Profile - FSA/CPAAOB

1. Jurisdiction	1.1 Insert the name of the jurisdiction in English:	
	Japan	
	Japan	
2. Member ¹	2.1 Insert the name of the Member, both in the local language and in English:	
	金融庁	
	Financial Services Agency	
	公認会計士・監査審査会	
	Certified Public Accountants and Auditing Oversight Board	
	2.2 Include relevant contact information, including postal address, telephone numbers, a link to the website and other relevant information:	
	Website: http://www.fsa.go.jp/en/index.html	
	http://www.fsa.go.jp/cpaaob/english/index.html	
	Address: 3-2-1 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-8905 Japan	
	The Central Common Government Offices No. 7	
	Key Contact:	
	 Kiyotaka Sasaki, Director-General for Japanese Delegation for IFIAR TEL: (81)3-3506-6155 	
	Email:kiyotaka.sasaki@fsa.go.jp	
	Takashi Nagaoka, Director, Office of Japanese Delegation for IFIAR	
	TEL: (81)3-3581-7867	
	Email:t-nagaoka@fsa.go.jp	
	 Nobutaka Yanagisawa, Deputy Director, Office of Japanese Delegatio 	
	for IFIAR	
	TEL: (81)3-3506-7355	
	Email:n-yanagisawa@fsa.go.jp	
	Motonobu Matsuo, Secretary General	
	TEL: (81)3-5251-7267	
	Email: motonobu.matsuo@fsa.go.jp	

¹ In the case where there are two or more regulators from the same jurisdiction that have been approved according to Section 2.3 of the IFIAR Charter, they together are considered as one Member. In that case, regulators are requested to include information for <u>both organizations</u> in the Member Profile.



• Jun Kikuchi, Deputy Director TEL: (81)3-5251-7279 Email:jun.kikuchi@fsa.go.jp 2.3 Include the basis for establishment of the Member, as well as the legislation or regulations which provide the authority/mandate with respect to audit regulation. Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the mission and responsibilities of the Member with respect to audit regulation: The Certified Public Accountants and Auditing Oversight Board (CPAAOB), an independent regulatory body (Council) established within the Financial Services Agency (FSA), was established for the purpose of enhancing the audit system for the oversight of CPAs and audit firms in April 2004 based on Article 35-1 of the CPA Act as amended in 2003. The mission of the CPAAOB is to further enhance the quality and effectiveness of the auditing process, and to ensure the fairness and transparency of the Japanese capital market by fulfilling the following statutory responsibilities, thereby contributing to the enhancement of investor confidence. Responsibilities of the CPAAOB 1. Reviews of "Quality Control Review" by the JICPA (the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants), inspections of audit firms, CPAs, and the JICPA, and recommendation of administrative actions and other measures to the FSA. 2. Deliberation of disciplinary actions against CPAs and audit firms. 3. Implementation of CPA examinations. 2.4 Have there been any major changes to the Member's organization or to the governing legislation since completing last year's Member Profile? □ Yes **☑** No If yes, please describe these changes with an appropriate level of detail: N/A



3. Governing Composition members

Body and 3.1 Describe with an appropriate level of detail the current composition of the Member's governing body, including the ratio between Board members who are independent from the audit profession and those who are not². The audit profession includes, for example: audit firms, professional accountancy bodies and bodies or entities associated with the audit profession.

Chairperson	Toshiro Hiromoto	Professor Emeritus
(full-time)		Hitotsubashi University
Commissioner	Takayuki Matsui	Former Professor
(full-time)		Graduate School of
		Professional Accountancy ,
		Aoyama Gakuin University
Commissioner	Akiko Kimura	Of Counsel
(part-time)		Anderson Mori & Tomotsune
		Outside Corporate Auditor
		Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.
		Outside Corporate Auditor
		Daiichi Sankyo Co., Ltd.
		Outside Director
		Nomura Asset Management
		Co., Ltd.
Commissioner	Yoshiko Sato	Executive Managing Director
(part-time)		Japan Investor Relations
		Association
Commissioner	Yoshihiro Tokuga	Vice-President and Professor
(part-time)		(Graduate School of
		Management, Graduate
		School of Economic), Kyoto
		University
Commissioner	Yasuyuki Fuchita	Executive Fellow
(part-time)		Nomura Institute of Capital
		Markets Research
Commissioner	Keiko Mizuguchi	Counselor and Chief Analyst
(part-time)		Japan Credit Rating Agency,
		Ltd.
Commissioner	Kazunori Yagi	Advisor
(part-time)		Yokogawa Electric
		Corporation

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² An individual is independent of the profession even if he is a CPA, Chartered Accountant, or holder of another equivalent qualification, as long as this individual is not employed by or affiliated to a registered audit firm, nor employed by or affiliated to of a professional accountancy body, nor employed by or affiliated to bodies or entities associated with the audit profession.



	er to question 3.3 governing body no	is "No", is the majority of the n-practitioner?
□ Yes	☑ No	
3.3. Is each member of the governing body independent from the audit profession? The audit profession includes, for example: audit firms, professional accountancy bodies and bodies or entities associated with the audit profession.		
one full-time and eight part-time commissioners. The members are appointed by the Prime Minister with the consent of both Houses of the Diet based on the viewpoint that the CPAAOB should be comprised of members from a wide range of relevant expertise on a fair and equitable basis in light of eliminating the risk of biased management and ensuring public interest and independence from the professional audit society.		
The CPAAOB is within the FSA a	the members of the an independent reg nd consists of ten r	/ requirements and composition regoverning body? gulatory body (Council) established members, i.e. one chairperson, and
Commissioner (part-time)	Keita Yoshida	Partner Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC
Commissioner (part-time)	Tatsumi Yamada	Audit & Supervisory Board Member Yokogawa Bridge Holdings Corp. Audit & Supervisory Board Member TDK Corporation Outside Director OYO Corporation Audit & Supervisory Board Member Sojitz Corporation Partner KPMG AZSA LLC



☑ Yes □ No		
3.5 If the answer to question 3.3 is "No", which safeguards are in place to provide for the Member's overall independence from the audit profession?		
The members are appointed by the Prime Minister with the consent of both Houses of the Diet based on the viewpoint that the CPAAOB should be comprised of members from a wide range of relevant expertise on a fair and equitable basis in light of eliminating the risk of biased management and ensuring public interest and independence from the professional audit society.		
3.6 Is there a restriction or recusal process that is applicable to members of the governing body of the Member who are current or former auditors/practitioners?		
☑ Yes □ No		
Does this include a "cooling-off" p	eriod for former auditors?	
☐ Yes ☑ No		
If yes to either of the above, please	e describe:	
both Houses of the Diet based on the be comprised of members from a we fair and equitable basis in light	Prime Minister with the consent of e viewpoint that the CPAAOB should ride range of relevant expertise on a of eliminating the risk of biased interest and independence from the	
	y, are members of the profession zation (e.g., in a management or	
☑ Yes □ No		
If yes, please describe their role w	th an appropriate level of detail:	
profession per se. Meanwhile, staff is segregated from the private sector	th regard to independence from the members of the FSA and CPAAOB are or entities as public servants. As a CPAAOB are hired after leaving audit	



		In addition, the CPAAOB secures prevention of conflicts of interest relating to the inspection activities by composing an inspection team, made up of inspectors who have no interests in inspected firms, when approving its inspection plan of the relevant firms.		
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4.	Funding Arrangements	4.1 Describe the main funding arrangements of the Member, including the setting and approval of the budget and the fees, if any: The FSA's budget including CPAAOB's expenses is funded by the national budget and is unaffected by any affiliates of the public accounting profession.		
		4.2 Is the funding free from undue influence by the profession?		
		☑ Yes □ No		
		Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the safeguards in place to prevent undue influence by the profession:		
		The FSA's budget including CPAAOB's expenses is funded by the national budget and is unaffected by any affiliates of the public accounting profession.		
5.	Inspection System	5.1 Does the Member have the responsibility for recurring inspections of audit firms undertaking audits of public interest entities (PIEs)? ☑ Yes □ No		
		5.2 Is this responsibility undertaken directly or through oversight of inspection conducted by another organization?		
		☑ Directly ☑ Through Oversight		
		If through oversight of another organization, please describe with an appropriate level of detail the other organization, its relation to the Member, its role, and the arrangements for oversight:		
		The CPAAOB conducts inspections on audit firms, CPAs and the JICPA. As to inspections on audit firms, the CPAAOB takes into account the results of JICPA's quality control review as explained below. If the results of inspections show that the quality control review was not conducted properly, or CPAs/audit firms did not conform to laws, regulations and		



standards related to quality control of audits, etc., the Board will recommend that the Commissioner of the FSA take administrative actions and other measures necessary for ensuring the proper operation of audit firms, CPAs and the JICPA.

5.3 Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the requirements and practices regarding the frequency of inspections:

Since the CPA Act requires the JICPA to review the status of the operation of audit and attestation services provided by its members, the JICPA established its bylaws to conduct its quality control review once every three years in principle. However, JICPA conducts its review on the big audit firms every two years.

The JICPA is also required under the CPA Act to report the results of the quality control review to the CPAAOB periodically or as necessary. In practice, CPAAOB obtains monthly reports from the JICPA.

The CPAAOB conducts regulatory inspection once every three years in principle. Since mid-2016, CPAAOB has conducted inspection on the big audit firms annually, which is comprised of biannual full-scope inspection and follow-up inspection in the subsequent year.

6. Audit and Financial Market

6.1 Provide the number of audit firms subject to inspections. Include an indication of the number of public interest audits (PIEs) and other audits that fall under the Member's oversight or mandate.

138 out of 209 domestic audit firms and auditors undertake audits of listed entities which are subject to JICPA quality control review.

In addition, 4 out of 90 notified foreign audit firms provide audit and attestation services to the companies listed on financial instruments exchange markets in Japan.

6.2 What are the sizes and market shares of each of the largest audit firms in the Member's jurisdiction?

The Big Four firms (Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, KPMG AZSA, EY ShinNihon and PwC Aarata) account for about 73% of the listed companies audit market.



7. Main Other	7.1 Please indicate whether the Member has responsibility for tasks	
Responsibilities of the		
Member within the area		
	E/ Begistration/Licensing	
of Audit Oversight	☑ Registration/Licensing	
	☑ Audit and/or Ethics Standard Setting	
	☑ Permanent Education of Auditors	
	☑ Enforcement	
	☑ Other: <u>CPA examination</u>	
	7.2 If the Member has the responsibility for Registration/Licensing,	
	please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or	
	through oversight of Registration/Licensing conducted by another	
	organization?	
	☑ Directly ☐ Through Oversight	
	If directly, please describe the responsibility with an appropriate	
	level of detail. If through oversight, please indicate the name of the	
	other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners	
	from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also give	
	a description of the powers of the other organization and procedure	
	applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.	
	applied, as well as the fole of the Member III these procedures.	
	The FSA manages registries of limited liability audit firms and	
	notifications of foreign audit firms.	
	7.3 If the Member has the responsibility for Audit and/or Ethics	
	Standard Setting, please indicate whether this responsibility is	
	undertaken directly or through oversight of Audit and/or Ethics	
	Standard Setting conducted by another organization?	
	otalidard octining conducted by another organization:	
	☑ Directly ☐ Through Oversight	
	If directly, please describe the responsibility with an appropriate	
	level of detail. If through oversight, please indicate the name of the	
	other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners	
	from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also give	
	a description of the powers of the other organization and procedures	
	applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.	
	The Business Accounting Council, which is established within the FSA,	
	sets auditing standards.	
	7.4 If the Member has the responsibility for Permanent Education of	
	Auditors, please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken	
	directly or through oversight of Permanent Education of Auditors	
	conducted by another organization?	



		☐ Directly	☑ Through Oversight
		If directly, please describe the responsibility with an appropriate level of detail. If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedures applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.	
		The CPA Act requires CPAs to take a continuing education and training (CPE: Continuing Professional Education) by the JICPA and to earn certain credits every business year. The JICPA summarizes the implementation status of the CPE and reports it to the FSA.	
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		7.5 If the Member has the responsibility for <u>Enforcement</u> , please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through referral to other organization(s)?	
		☑ Directly ☐ Through Referral	
		and its composition (i. profession are involved in of the enforcement power	indicate the name of the other organization e. whether practitioners from the audit decision-making). Also give a description s of the other organization and procedures of the Member in these procedures.
		The FSA may carry out nece	ssary investigations if the FSA considers that a
		fact exists that may lead to	an enforcement action. The FSA is authorized
		to take enforcement actions based on the results of investigations and/or	
		the recommendations by the CPAAOB after the inspections.	
			e responsibility for other tasks within the lease describe with an appropriate level of
		CPA Examination	
			CPAAOB implements CPA Examinations every
			ermining whether a person has the necessary
		knowledge and applied skill	·
8.	Main Other Responsibilities of the Member <u>outside</u> the area of Audit Oversight	Member has responsibil	an appropriate level of detail whether the ity for tasks outside the area of audit vision of Financial Reporting or Securities
		N/A	



9. Major Events Activities

9.1 Describe any recent major events and activities:

December 22, 2017

FSA and CPAAOB announced a cooperative agreement with the Ministry of Finance of People's Republic of China (#).

July 26, 2017

and

CPAAOB published "Monitoring Report in 2017", "Case Report from Audit Firm Inspection Results" and "Basic Plan for Monitoring Audit Firms in the program year 2017" (#).

April 4-6, 2017

FSA and CPAAOB hosted 17th Plenary Meeting of IFIAR in Tokyo (#).

March 31, 2017

FSA published "Principles of Effective management of Audit Firms (The Audit Firm Governance Code) (#).

April 21, 2016

FSA and CPAAOB announced a cooperative agreement with the Haut Conseil du commissariat aux comptes (H3C) in France (#).

March 8, 2016

FSA published the Recommendation of the Advisory Council on the Systems of Accounting and Auditing (#).

October 5-9, 2015

FSA and CPAAOB hosted IFIAR Interim Meeting and the working group meetings for GPPC WG (renamed as Global Audit Quality WG) and Standard Coordination WG in Tokyo.

March 12, 2015

CPAAOB held the International Conference commemorating its 10th anniversary of CPAAOB Japan (#).

(#) These reports are accessible on our web site.